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го	The Files - Contract 605	DATE: 26 June 1959	
FROM			25X
ивјес	T:Trip Report -		25 X
	1. On 23 June 1959	of OC-E/R+D-EP visited	25X
	the on Contract 605, Task Orders 1, 2,	to monitor progress 4, 6 and 8.	25X
		nable Antennas, Task 1 - One of these quarters and was found to be mechani-	25 X
	antenna met our specifications adeq dish antenna varies from about 16 d while the 2 foot dish antenna showe mcs to about 37 db at 10,000 mcs. gernerally stayed below 3:1 with on range, each one being very narrow a pensated for line loss. The 2 foot	quately. Gain of $6\frac{1}{2}$ foot inflatable at 350 mcs to 35 db at 6,000 mcs, ed gains from about 25 db at 6,000 VSWR for the $6\frac{1}{2}$ foot dish antennally three 'pop-ups' in the entire and not exceeding 3.6:1 when comtains also matterns showed VSWR below 000 mcs even with the single electro-	23^
	antennas was made. delive of six air inflatable antennas inst called for in the contract. The fi	ery schedule now calls for delivery cead of the original five antennas erst antenna was to serve as an	25X
	expendable prototype, but since it antennas will be delivered. project, the overrun not being due	will request an overrun for this to the construction of six antennas.	25X
	experienced considerable di antenna and used considerable more	fficulty in constructing the original engineering and model shop time than they would. The amount of the overrun	25X
	will be about \$8,000 to 10,000 acco	ording to Past experi-	25X
	ence has shown that the amount of t siderably more than that quoted ver		25X
	antenna, originally designed to cov shows that the antenna is almost om to 55 mcs. At 30 mcs the VSWR is 3 rises rapidly to 17:1 at 47 mcs and	midirectional in the range of 30 s:1. Above this frequency the VSWR then tapers off to the nominal st 52 mcs. The instruction book for the present time and we have been a not later than the first of July.	
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4. Parabolic Reflector and Feeds - Task 4 - One of these antennas has been delivered to Headquarters and has been found acceptable mechanically. Examination of the test data at showed gains from about 16 db at 600 mcs to 35 db at 6,000 mcs with a VSWR of less than 3:1 over the entire range. Verbal acceptance of the other four antennas was made with delivery expected within 60 days. has requested that acceptance of these antennas be put in writing for their records.	25X1 25X1
5. 30-1,000 mc Log Periodic Antenna - Task 6 - the contract for the construction of five of these antennas and has started some model work. A new concept will be used in the construction of this antenna. Basically the new structure will resemble an array of dipoles with their spacing and lengths varied in a logarithmically periodic manner. The feed will consist of a two wire transmission line which criss-crosses between alternate elements so as to provide the necessary phase reversals between adjacent elements. This new design promises to be considerably lighter than conventional log periodic structures and yet it will maintain the high gain and constant beamwidth of the other types of log periodic structures.	25X1
	25X1
relaxed our specifications as to detector sensitivity somewhat, using the original specification figures as a design goal. stated that in addition to the test equipment which is to be supplied as GFE for this task he would also like the loan of two or more video amplifiers of the type which will be used with this system. He will accept the VA-7 as a representative video amplifier. Although he stated that they will not need the test equipment for several months, he was told that, because the equipment was being held for, prompt shipment of the equipment would make our job considerably easier agreed to accept the test equipment within the next two months and keep it in storage until it is actually needed.	25X ² 25X ² 25X ²
	25X1

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8. Near Field Cancellation of Radiated Fields - A discussion was held with to discuss the possibility of reducing or eliminating the near field of an antenna system so as to provide signal security against the close-in intercept operater. The following equations are general forms for the radiation field of a small dipole antenna and holds quite well for all types of arrays, being modified by only a multiplier in the case of a directive array.

$$E_{\bullet} = \frac{IdI \sin \Theta \left(\frac{-\omega \sin \omega (t - \frac{\gamma}{V})}{V^{2}r} + \frac{\cos \omega (t - \frac{\gamma}{V})}{\omega r^{3}} + \frac{\sin \omega (t - \frac{\gamma}{V})}{\omega r^{3}} \right)}{\sqrt{2}r}$$

$$E_{\Gamma} = \frac{2Idl\cos\theta}{4\pi\epsilon} \left(\frac{\cos\omega(t-\frac{\Gamma}{V})}{r^{2}V} + \frac{\sin\omega(t-\frac{\Gamma}{V})}{\omega r^{3}} \right)$$

As can be seen from the above equation, all the terms are interdependent with Θ and γ as common factors. Reduction of the terms which vary as -- 2 and -- 3 necessitate the reduction of the term which varies as -- and which produces the far field. Maxwells four basic equations for an electromagnetic field are as follows:

If a ring of silence is generated about an antenna system, it can be shown from the four above equations that if the Poynting vector is zero at the ring of silence, it must be zero at all points beyond the ring. Thus cancellation by phase reversal of a second near field is not possible. One possible approach however is to space two antennas of identical characteristics equidistantly and considerably removed from the operator. Theoretically the field directly above and very near the operator will be zero. Although this will not produce security for the system, it might protect the operator. A second approach is to move the frequency of operation to the VHF region so that parabolic antenna systems might be used. There are methods of almost completely cancelling side lobes by using absorbing material around the edge of the parabola and radiation would be in only one direction. This system, when using highly redundant transmissions for tropo-scatter communications, would provide security in beamwidth and should be almost undetectable at low angles. A third possible approach is to place the normal transmitting antenna above ground and a second below ground. The wave radiating from the above ground antenna can be roughly represented by the following expression:

$$E = A_0 \cos(\omega(x - \frac{r}{v}))$$

The wave propagating through the ground would roughly obey the following equation:

 $E = A_0 \cos(\omega (t - t \sqrt{u \epsilon}))$ If the below ground wave is delayed in time an amount equal to degrees, a point equidistant between the antennas should show assentially zero field strength. As the two waves propagate, one through the air and

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the other through the earth, a relative phase rotation will result due to the slower velocity of propagation for the below ground wave. At some point removed from either antennas, the waves would be in phase and it is possible that they would radiate from this area of intersection. There is unfortunately no experimental evidence for this last possibly to test its feasibility.

of IRE Transactions, Ante John Dyson of the Universantenna called the equian satisfactorily to 10,000 the operation of this type antenna approximates dipolar and the polarization is converted by interested in Converted by interested in Converted to the converte	be of antenna. Gain obtainable with this ble gain, the pattern is bidirectional,			
was told that if a requirement for such an antenna arose, we would talk to him more about it. It is understood that is now selling such an antenna commercially. It differs in that the slot structure is two dimentional and is backed up with a cavity containing annular rings perpendicular to the x, y plane of the spiral. These rings provide roughly the same effect as the varying slot depth in antenna.				
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